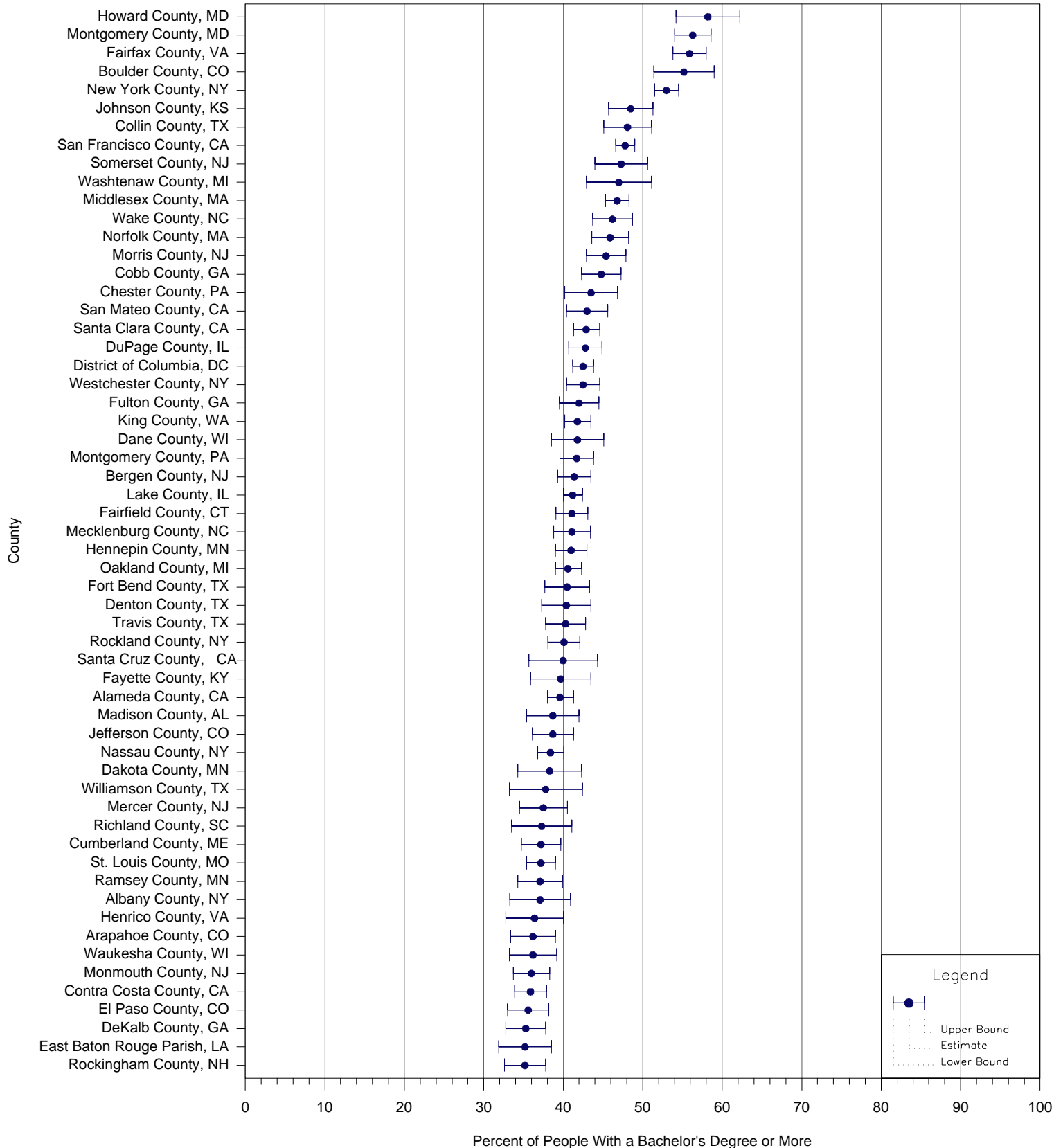


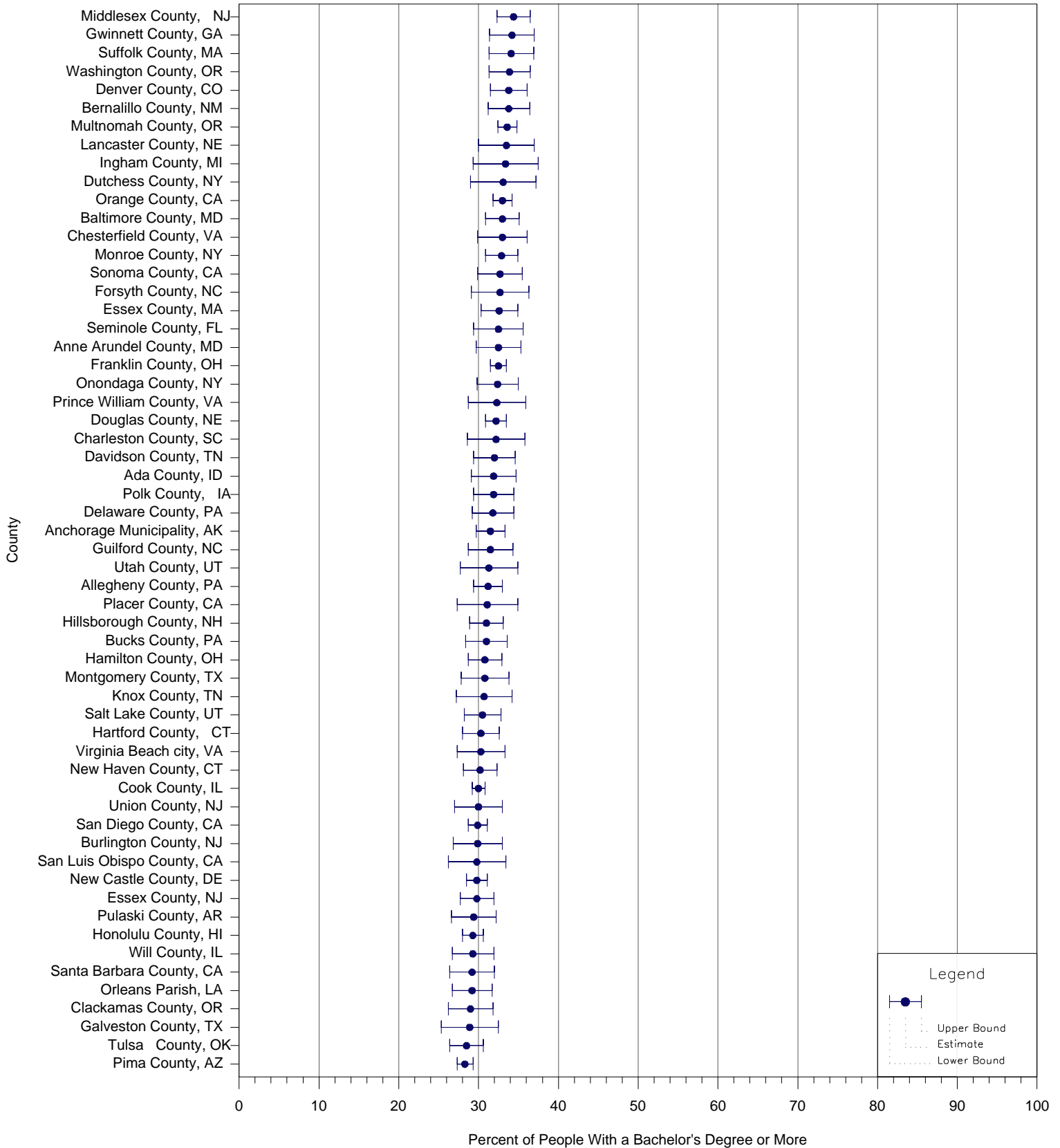
# Percent of People With a Bachelor's Degree or More Population 25 Years and Over



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 American Community Survey

Note: The chart above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower (l-) and upper (-l) bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The estimate itself is represented by the center of the confidence interval (•). The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

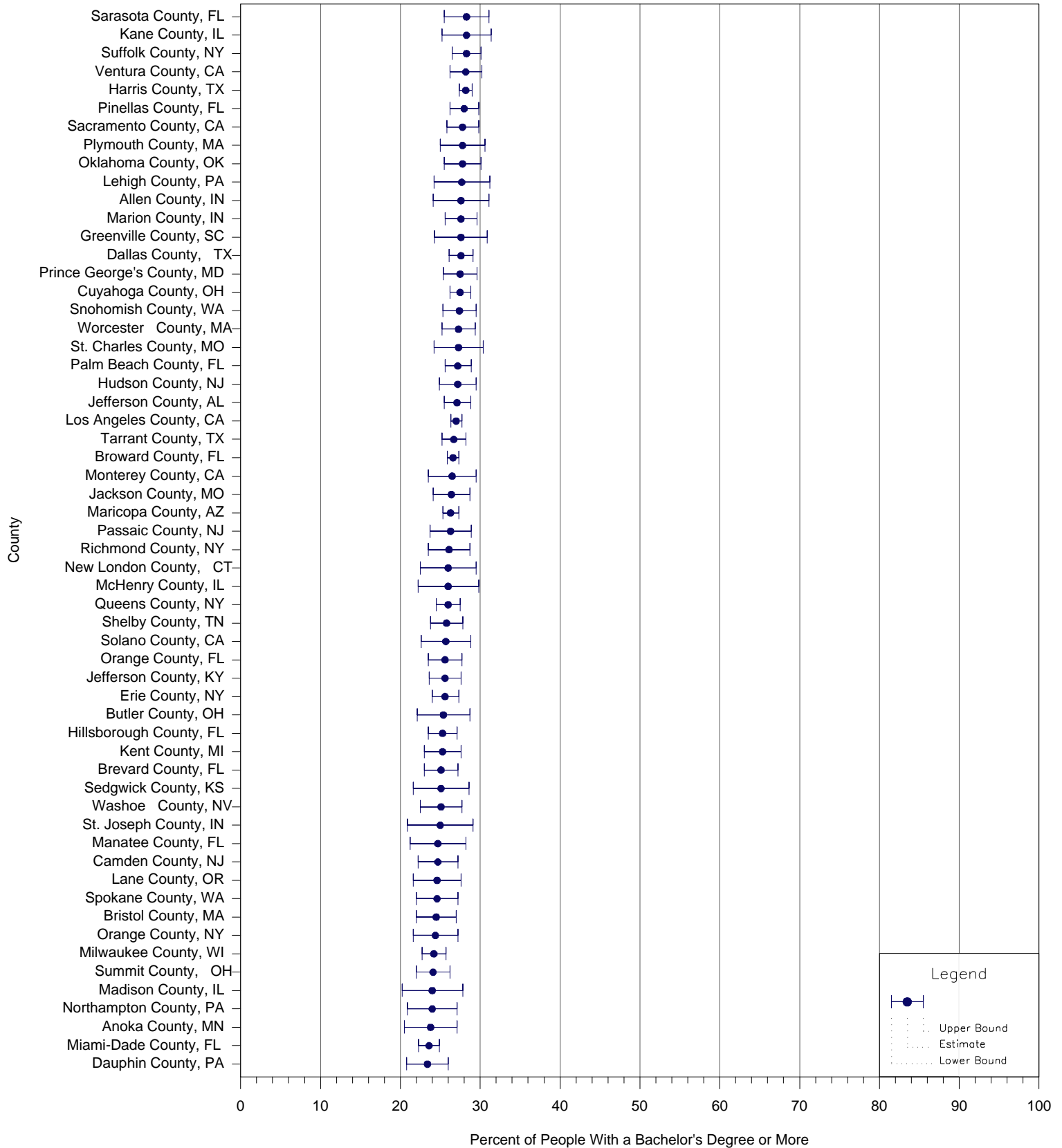
# Percent of People With a Bachelor's Degree or More Population 25 Years and Over



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 American Community Survey

Note: The chart above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower (-l) and upper (-l) bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The estimate itself is represented by the center of the confidence interval (•). The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

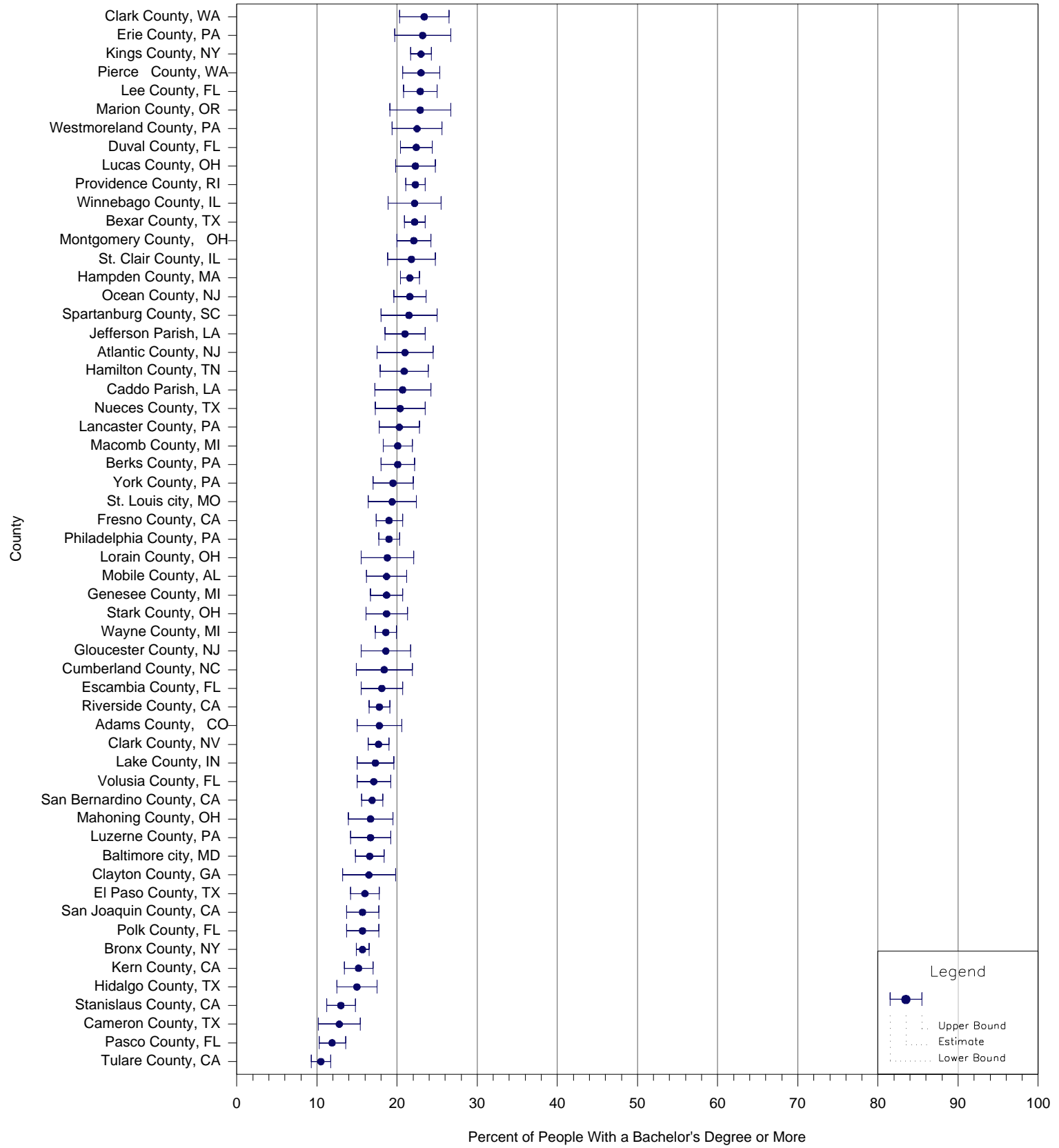
# Percent of People With a Bachelor's Degree or More Population 25 Years and Over



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 American Community Survey

Note: The chart above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower (l-) and upper (u-) bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The estimate itself is represented by the center of the confidence interval (c). The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.

# Percent of People With a Bachelor's Degree or More Population 25 Years and Over



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 American Community Survey

Note: The chart above shows the margin of error, represented by the lower (l-) and upper (-l) bounds of the 90-percent confidence interval. The estimate itself is represented by the center of the confidence interval (●). The confidence interval gives a range of values likely to include the population true value. The smaller the confidence interval the more precise the estimate of the characteristic of interest.